

JANUARY 2017

PACIFIC PEOPLES IN NEW ZEALAND

3

Understanding economic trends

INFOGRAPHIC HIGHLIGHTS



2%

drop in unemployment rates for Pacific peoples, to 10% in 2016.



1/5

Pacific school leavers achieve university entrance.



35%

drop in Pacific home ownership rates since 1986.

Pacific peoples' qualifications and skills

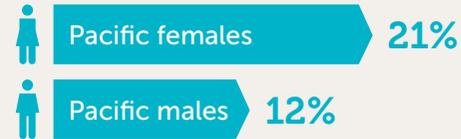
EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

Pacific children participating in Early Childhood Education has increased.



EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING

Pacific women are more likely than Pacific males to not be in employment, education or training.



EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING

1/3 of Pacific peoples are in skilled occupations.



34% of Pacific people are in skilled occupations, up from 27% in 2013.

QUALIFICATIONS

Pacific school leavers are half as likely to achieve university entrance.



1 out of 5

Pacific school leavers achieve university entrance.

TERTIARY EDUCATION

Pacific peoples' (age-adjusted) participation in tertiary education is on par with the national average.



1 out of 8

Pacific peoples are participating in tertiary education.

TERTIARY EDUCATION

More tertiary Pacific learners are graduating.



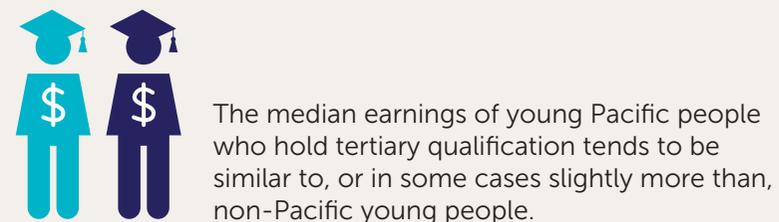
QUALIFICATIONS

More Pacific peoples are becoming qualified.



ANNUAL EARNINGS

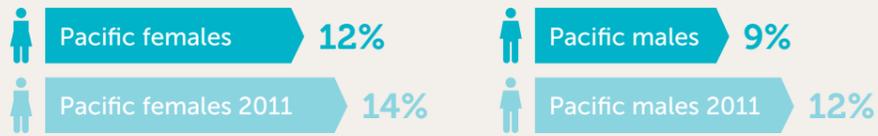
Pacific peoples with a higher qualification earn roughly the same as their non-Pacific counterparts.



Pacific peoples' assets, income and jobs

UNEMPLOYMENT

Pacific unemployment rates in 2016 have improved.



Yet Pacific people are still twice as likely to be unemployed.



INCOME

Pacific income gap is closing.



▲ 24% increase in Pacific median weekly wage since 2008.
▲ 21% increase in New Zealand median weekly wage since 2008.

DEBT

Most Pacific debt is non-mortgage debt.



More than 26% of Pacific peoples hold \$20,000 or more of non-mortgage debt.



13% of New Zealanders hold \$20,000 or more of non-mortgage debt.

INDIVIDUAL NET WORTH

Pacific people have a much lower net worth.



Lower net worth is reflected in lower levels of non-wage and non-salary income. Adjusting for Pacific peoples younger age structure does not have a material impact on net worth.

INDIVIDUAL NET WORTH

The majority of Pacific peoples' income comes from wages.



31% of Pacific peoples have income from other sources.
66% of New Zealanders have income from other sources.

Pacific peoples in business and enterprise*

*Based on 252 businesses owned or partially owned by Pacific people.

EMPLOYEES

Most Pacific businesses have a small number of employees.



57% of Pacific businesses have no employees – owners are likely to be self-employed.
24% of Pacific businesses have 1-5 employees.

LOCATION

Nearly 2/3 of Pacific businesses are based in Auckland.



EMPLOYEES

Pacific health care and social assistance businesses have the most employees.



22% of employees of Pacific businesses are in health care and social assistance.



11% of employees of New Zealand businesses are in health care and social assistance.



17% of employees of Pacific businesses are in transport, postal and warehousing.



4% of employees of New Zealand businesses are in transport, postal and warehousing.



16% of employees of Pacific businesses are in professional, scientific and technical.



7% of employees of New Zealand businesses are in professional, scientific and technical.

INDUSTRY

Many Pacific businesses operate in the professional, scientific, technical industry.



18% of Pacific businesses are in professional, scientific and technical.



11% of New Zealand businesses are in professional, scientific and technical.



12% of Pacific businesses are in retail, hiring and real estate.



21% of New Zealand businesses are in retail, hiring and real estate.



8% of Pacific businesses are in construction.



11% of New Zealand businesses are in construction.

Pacific peoples' housing and home ownership

HOME OWNERSHIP

Pacific people are less likely to own their own home.



18% of Pacific people were homeowners in 2013.



50% of New Zealanders were homeowners in 2013.

HOUSING

Almost half of Pacific households are overcrowded.



40% of Pacific households are living in overcrowded conditions.

HOUSING

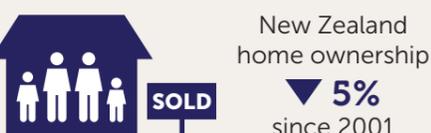
Pacific households are over-represented in social housing.



This number is greater in Auckland where 40% of HNZ tenants are Pacific people.

HOME OWNERSHIP

Pacific home ownership is dropping more quickly than the national average.



This will be affected by age, the high proportion of Pacific people living in Auckland where housing affordability is poorest, and lower incomes.

HOUSING

Pacific people are more likely to be dissatisfied with their housing.



19% of Pacific renters are dissatisfied with their accommodation.



14% of New Zealand renters are dissatisfied with their accommodation.



Our future

Investing in the success of Pacific peoples has significant benefits for all New Zealanders – both economically and in social wellbeing.

In 20 years, one in five New Zealand children will be Pacific, and one in eight workers under 39 will be Pacific.



One in eight

workers under 39 will be Pacific.

FUTURE PROJECTIONS

The Pacific population in New Zealand is projected to make up 11% of the total population by 2038.

The Pacific population will continue to have a much younger age structure than the total New Zealand population due to higher Pacific birth rates.



One in five

children will be Pacific.

REFERENCES

Pacific economic trends and snapshot 2016. NZIER report to the Ministry for Business, Innovation and Employment October 2016; Pacific Peoples in the Labour Market – Sept 2016 <http://www.mbie.govt.nz/info-services/employment-skills/labour-market-reports/pacific-peoples-labour-market-trends/september-2016>; NZ Population Census 2013.